I / me	I:' / ni' / ni:'/ ni'ah
you	i:s/ ni:s / nis'ah
this	në:gë:h
that	hi:gë:h
?	inflection (voice û)
yes	ë:h
no	hë'ëh
thanks	nya:wëh
Hello!	Hae'? Hoe'!
How are you?/ Are you well?	Sgë:nö'?/ Sgë:nö dih nä:h?
I'm thankful you are well.	Nya:wëh sgë:nö'.
Yes, I'm well. You too? / Yes, you also?	Ë:h, göhi:yoh. I:s koh? / Ë:h, i:s koh?
I will see you again.	Ësgö:gë' ae'.

<mark>I</mark> like <mark>it</mark>	knöe's
I like you	<mark>gö</mark> nöe's
I like him	henöe's
I like her	<mark>ke</mark> nöe's
<mark>you</mark> like <mark>it</mark>	<mark>s</mark> nöe's
you like me	<mark>sk</mark> nöe's
you like him	hehsnöe's
you like her	<mark>she</mark> nöe's
<mark>he</mark> likes it	hanöe's
he likes me	haknöe's
he likes you	yanöe's
he likes him	höwönöe's / honöe's
he likes her	shagonöe's

<mark>she</mark> likes <mark>it</mark>	<mark>ye</mark> nöe's
she likes me	öknöe's
she likes you	<mark>ösá</mark> nöe's
she likes him	höwönöe's
she likes her	go nöe's / yödáh nöe's
Do you like it?	<mark>S</mark> nöe's?
Do you like me?	Sknöe's?
Do you like him?	Hehsnöe's?
Do you like her?	Shenöe's?
Does he like it?	Hanöe's?
Does he like me?	Haknöe's?
Does he like you?	Yanöe's?

Does he like him?	Höwönöe's? / Honöe's?
Does he like her?	Shagonöe's?
Does she like it?	Yenöe's?
Does she like me?	Öknöe's?
Does she like you?	<mark>Ösá</mark> nöe's?
Does she like him?	Höwönöe's?
Does she like her?	Gonöe's? / yödáhnöe's?
Yes, I like it.	Ë:h, k nöe's
Yes, I like you.	Ë:h, <mark>gö</mark> nöe's.
Yes, I like him.	Ë:h, <mark>he</mark> nöe's
Yes, I like her.	Ë:h, <mark>ke</mark> nöe's
No, I don't like it.	He'ëh, de' k nöe's

No, I don't like you.	Hë'ëh, de' <mark>gö</mark> nöe's.
No, I don't like him.	Hë'ëh, d e: nöe's.
No, I don't like her.	Hë'ëh, de' ke nöe's.
Yes, he likes it.	Ë:h, <mark>ha</mark> nöe's
Yes, he likes me.	Ë:h, <mark>hak</mark> nöe's.
Yes, he likes you.	Ë:h, <mark>ya</mark> nöe's.
Yes, he likes him.	Ë:h, höwö nöe's. / Ë:h, ho nöe's.
Yes, he likes her.	Ë:h, <mark>shago</mark> nöe's.
No, he doesn't like it.	Hë'ëh, d <mark>a</mark> :nöe's
No, he doesn't like me.	Hë'ëh, d <mark>a:k</mark> nöe's.
No, he doesn't like you.	Hë'ëh, de <mark>ya</mark> nöe's.
No, he doesn't like him.	Hë'ëh, do:nöe's. Hë'ëh, d <mark>öwö</mark> nöe's.

No, he doesn't like her.	Hë'ëh, de' <mark>shago</mark> nöe's.
Yes, she likes it	Ë:h, <mark>ye</mark> nöe's.
Yes, she likes me.	Ë:h, <mark>ök</mark> nöe's.
Yes, she likes you.	Ë:h, <mark>ösá</mark> nöe's.
Yes, she likes him.	Ë:h, höwö nöe's.
Yes, she likes her.	Ë:h, <mark>go</mark> nöe's. Ë:h, <mark>yödáh</mark> nöe's.
No, she doesn't like it	Hë'ëh, de' <mark>e</mark> nöe's.
No, she doesn't like me	Hë'ëh näh, de' <mark>ök</mark> nöe's.
No, she doesn't like you.	Hë'ëh, de' <mark>ösá</mark> nöe's.
No, she doesn't like him.	Hë'ëh, d <mark>öwö</mark> nöe's.
No, she doesn't like her.	Hë'ëh, de' go nöe's. Hë'ëh, de' <mark>ödáh</mark> nöe's.

Notes on Vocabulary and Grammar

- Emphasis is added to a phrase or sentence by placing the important matter first.
 To negate a statement, **de'** is attached to the verb.